

A Snapshot of Immigrants in Benzie County

County Indicators

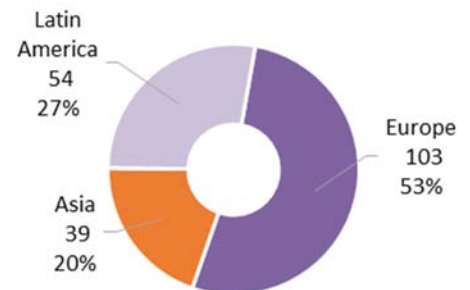
1.4% of Michiganians in this county are immigrants, ↓ from **1.7%** in 2000.

50.5% of immigrants arrived to the U.S. before 2000.

| Benzie County | 2000 | 2015 | % Change |
|----------------------------|------|------|----------|
| Total Immigrant Population | 269 | 245 | -8.9% |
| Citizen by Naturalization | 170 | 120 | -29.4% |

Region of Origin

The immigrant population in this county is diverse, with immigrants coming from all over the world. (Sample size was too small to calculate a reliable percentage for immigrants from Africa.)



A crackdown on Michigan immigrant families places these children at risk of being separated from family, and having poor health and economic outcomes.

| Race and Ethnicity | Children of Immigrants | Children of Immigrants in Families Experiencing Poverty |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Asian | 24.9% | 13.8% |
| Black or African-American | 5.6% | 5.2% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 23.8% | 39.1% |
| White | 45.6% | 41.9% |

6.9%

of native-born children (under age 6) had at least one immigrant parent in 2015.



In 2014,

14.8%

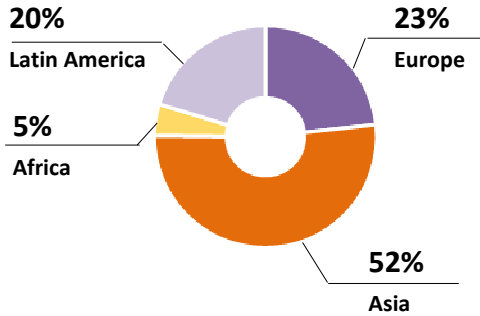
of children with at least one immigrant parent were experiencing poverty, with Hispanic children of immigrants being more likely to be in families experiencing economic hardship.¹



Michigan — Immigration Facts (cont'd)

Children of Immigrants

Immigrant children and youth living in Michigan come from diverse regions. They are the future thinkers and leaders of our state.



Healthcare

- ▶ Many immigrants in Michigan do not have health insurance and have a difficult time paying for the medical services they and their family need.
- ▶ As of 2014, **18.4%** of all Michigan immigrants were uninsured, compared to **9.6%** of all state residents.
- ▶ In the same year, **46%** of all undocumented immigrants in the state were uninsured.²



Economic Contributions

Immigrants in Michigan work hard to support their families and their communities. Every year, immigrants contribute millions of dollars in consumer spending and state and local taxes to support local economies and important public programs.³ In 2015, undocumented immigrants in Michigan paid

\$86.6 million

in state and local taxes.



Young undocumented immigrants contributed approximately

\$15 million

in state and local taxes in the same year.⁴

| PLANATION OF PAYROLL | | Current | YTD |
|------------------------|---------|---------------|------------------|
| PAYROLL TAXES | | | |
| Federal Income Tax | | 254.91 | 6,504.76 |
| Social Security (FICA) | | 185.32 | 4,833.10 |
| Federal Medicare | | 43.34 | 1,083.55 |
| Maryland Income Tax | | 136.59 | 3,465.35 |
| TOTAL | | 620.16 | 15,886.76 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | |
| | Current | YTD | |
| | 77.00 | 4.5 | |
| | 208.33 | 5.8 | |

Source: 2015 American Community Survey 5- year estimates; 2000 Census data

ENDNOTES

1. Urban Policy Institute analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data from the 2014 American Community Survey (ACS).
2. Migration Policy Institute (MPI) analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data from the 2014 American Community Survey (ACS), 2010-2014 ACS pooled, and the 2008 Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) by James Bachmeier of Temple University and Jennifer Van Hook of The Pennsylvania State University, Population Research Institute.
3. Gee, L. C., Gardner, M., Hill, M. E., & Wiehe, M. (2017, March). *Undocumented Immigrants' State & Local Tax Contributions* (Rep.). Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy.
4. Hill, Misha E., and Meg Wiehe. (2017, April). *State & Local Tax Contributions of Young Undocumented Immigrants*. (Rep.) Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy.